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This paper consist of three sections **I**, **II**, and **III**. Answer **three** Questions **only**, choosing one Question from each section. **All** Questions carry **equal marks**.

SECTION I THE ENVIRONMENT

Answer One Question Only from this Section

- 1. a) Distinguish between weather and climate? (4 marks)
 - b) Write four elements of the weather and the instruments used to measure them. (8mks)
 - c) Identify four (4) characteristics of the northeast trade wind (8 marks)
- 2. a) What are drainage features?

(4 marks)

b) Identify five benefits of drainage features

(8 marks)

c) State four (4) ways of fostering national unity in Ghana.

(8 mks)

SECTION II GOVERNANCE, POLITICS AND STABILITY

Answer One Question Only from this Section

- 3. a) List four ways through which Ghana co-operate with other nations. (8 marks)
 - b) Outline four reasons for which Ghana co-operates with neighbouring countries. marks]

[12

4. a) Write the full meaning of the following agencies of the United Nations (UN)

1mark each

- i. UNESCO
- ii. UNICEF
- iii. WHO
- iv. IMF
- v. FAO
- b) Mention **five** problems facing the United Nation (UN) 5 marks
- c) List any ten (10) members of ECOWAS 10 marks

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SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Answer One Question Only from this Section

5. a) What is an enterprise? 4 marks

b) Giving two examples each, differentiate between State Owned Enterprise and Enterprise. 8 marks

c) Identify **four** (4) problems facing private owned enterprises in Ghana **8 marks**

- 6. a) Who is a sole trader? 4 marks
 - b) State four advantages of a sole trader **8 marks**
 - c) State four disadvantages of a sole trader 8 marks

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OBJECTIVES - 60marks

Think carefully before you shade the answer space, erase completely any answer you wish to change. Now Answer The Following Questions.

- 1. The birds in the Coat of Arms of Ghana are
 - a) Parrots
 - b) Hawks
 - c) Crows
 - d) Eagles
- 2. The model of the earth is called....
 - a) A globe
 - b) A map
 - c) An atlas
 - d) A latitude
- 3. Which country lies east of Ghana?
 - a) Ivory Coast
 - b) Togo
 - c) Burkina Faso
 - d) Nigeria
- 4. The area with the **highest** amount of rainfall in Ghana is
 - a) Accra
 - b) Axim
 - c) Kumasi
 - d) Ho
- 5. The time in Ghana is different from the time in Nigeria because of differences in
 - a) Position of the sun

	Latitudinal position	
,	longitudinal position	
a)	Population size	
6. The Greenwich Meridian passes throughin Ghana.		
a)	Accra	
b)	Takoradi	
,	Kumasi	
d)	Tema	
7. The part of one's income that is not spent is one's		
	Insurance	
b)	Account	
c)	Deposit	
	Savings	
8. State-owned enterprises provide		
	Foreign exchange	
	Unemployment	
,	Public service	
,	Insurance	
	at is the key function of the legislature organ of government?	
	Law interpretation Law enforcement	
	Law emorcement Law making	
	Formulation of policies	
	hat will be the time in town A on longitude 45°W if the time in town B on longitude 0° is 9:45 am?	
	6:45am	
	6:45pm	
	12:15am	
d)	12:15pm	
	najor reason for developing a good layout settlement is to reduce Free movement and ethnic conflict	
,	Overcrowding and criminal activities	
,	Rural-urban migration and street hawking	
	Truancy and illiteracy rate	
	ne reason for the migration of many ethnic groups in Ghana is	
	Education	
,	Security	
c)		
d)	Religion	
13. Which of the following is a symbol of national unity in Ghana?		
	National anthem	
,	Akosombo Dam	
,	Gye nyame	
d)	Judiciary	

- 14. Ghana lies between latitudes
 - a) 5°S and 11°N
 - b) 5°N and 11°N
 - c) 5°S and 11°S
 - d) 5°N and 11°S
- 15. The people of British Togo-land joined Ghana through
 - a) Conquest
 - b) Persuasion
 - c) Voting
 - d) War
- 16. The Head of State of Ghana at independence in 1957 was
 - a) Dr. Kwame Nkrumah
 - b) The Queen of Britain
 - c) Sir Gordon Guggisberg
 - d) J.J. Rawlings
- 17. The process by which one country takes control of the administration of another is known as
 - a) Colonization
 - b) Socialization
 - c) Assimilation
 - d) Colonial master
- 18. The first political event leading to the formal establishment of British colonial rule in the Gold Coast was the
 - a) Signing of the bond of 1844
 - b) Declaration of Sagrenti war
 - c) Introduction of the Poll Tax Ordinance
 - d) Disturbances of 1948
- 19. A constitution may be defined as the
 - a) Bye-laws of a country
 - b) Decrees of a country
 - c) Customary laws of a country
 - d) The highest law of the country
- 20. The primary function of the court is to
 - a) Interpret the laws
 - b) Make laws
 - c) Register citizens
 - d) Protect wrong doers
- 21. Relief rainfall is also known as
 - a) Convectional rainfall
 - b) Frontal rainfall
 - c) Orographic rainfall
 - d) Cyclonic rainfall

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- 22. The largest continent in the world is
 - a) Africa
 - b) Australia
 - c) Asia
 - d) America
- 23. How many countries formed the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS)?
 - a) Fifty four countries
 - b) Twenty one countries
 - c) Fifteen countries
 - d) Sixteen countries
- 24. The revolution of the earth results in
 - a) High and low tides
 - b) Day and night
 - c) The four season
 - d) Wind direction
- 25. A draft law is also known as
 - a) Bill
 - b) Decree
 - c) Ordinance
 - d) Legislature
- 26. The type of rainfall formed by the meeting of two air masses of different temperature

is

- a) Relief
- b) Frontal
- c) Convectional
- d) Orographic

a) Ub) Cc) E	African Union is a new name to replace the Inited Nation Organization Organization of African Unity ECOWAS African Development Bank
a) Ab) Sc) P	Ghana Coat of Arms was designed by Amon Kotei Sophia Doku Philip Gbeho Ephraim Emu
a) Ab) Ac) P	ch of the following oceans lies between Africa and America? Arctic Atlantic Pacific Indian
a) Lb) Hc) T	shared values which will promote unity among Ghanaians is Loyalty Humility Tolerance Hospitality
a) Jb) Nc) E	
a) Sb) Nc) S	most important symbol which identifies Ghana as an independent state is the Speaker's Mace National Flag State Sword Coat-of-arm
a) Sb) Fc) N	on topographic maps represents Settlement Farmlands Marshy areas Areas liable to flood
a) 1b) 1c) 1	Second World War was fought between 914 – 1918 919 – 1925 939 – 1945 957 – 1960

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- 35. The African Union is made up of only
 - a) Black African States
 - b) Independent African States
 - c) Dependent African States
 - d) Colonized African states
- 36. Right to life means
 - a) Living forever
 - b) Living without interference
 - c) Acquiring wealth
 - d) Sustaining the family line
- 37. Independence of the Judiciary implies that judges
 - a) Should get everything free
 - b) Should not pay taxes
 - c) Can do whatever they like
 - d) Should be free from political interference
- 38. One **major** cause of conflicts in the Ghanaian society is
 - a) The development of slums in the cities
 - b) Inadequate number of law enforcement agents
 - c) The encouragement of inter-ethnic marriage
 - d) Unacceptable way of choosing leaders
- 39. Which of the following vegetation types can cannot be found in Ghana?
 - a) Sudan Savanna
 - b) Rain forest
 - c) Guinea Savanna
 - d) Sahel Savanna
- 40. The smallest planet in our solar system is
 - a) Mercury
 - b) Venus
 - c) Earth
 - d) Mars