

# GHANAE DUCATION NEWS – REVISION MOCK FOR BECE CANDIDATES

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## SOCIAL STUDIES

### SECTION B (60 Marks)

This paper consist of three sections I, II, and III. Answer **three** Questions **only**, choosing one Question from each section. **All** Questions carry **equal marks**.

#### SECTION I THE ENVIRONMENT

*Answer **One** Question **Only** from this Section*

1.
    - a) Distinguish between weather and climate? (4 marks)
    - b) Write four elements of the weather and the instruments used to measure them. (8mks)
    - c) Identify four (4) characteristics of the northeast trade wind (8 marks)
  
  2.
    - a) What are drainage features? (4 marks)
    - b) Identify five benefits of drainage features (8 marks)
    - c) State four (4) ways of fostering national unity in Ghana. (8 mks)
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## **SECTION II** **GOVERNANCE, POLITICS AND STABILITY** *Answer **One Question Only** from this Section*

3. a) List four ways through which Ghana co-operate with other nations. **(8 marks)**  
b) Outline four reasons for which Ghana co-operates with neighbouring countries. **[12 marks]**
4. a) Write the full meaning of the following agencies of the United Nations (UN)  
**1mark each**  
i. UNESCO  
ii. UNICEF  
iii. WHO  
iv. IMF  
v. FAO
- b) Mention **five** problems facing the United Nation (UN) **5 marks**
- c) List any **ten (10)** members of ECOWAS **10 marks**
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## SECTION III SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

*Answer **One Question Only** from this Section*

5. a) What is an enterprise? **4 marks**  
b) Giving two examples each, differentiate between State Owned Enterprise and Private Enterprise. **8 marks**  
c) Identify **four** (4) problems facing private owned enterprises in Ghana **8 marks**
6. a) Who is a sole trader? **4 marks**  
b) State four advantages of a sole trader **8 marks**  
c) State four disadvantages of a sole trader **8 mark**

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## OBJECTIVES - 60marks

*Think carefully before you shade the answer space, erase completely any answer you wish to change. Now Answer The Following Questions.*

1. The birds in the Coat of Arms of Ghana are
    - a) Parrots
    - b) Hawks
    - c) Crows
    - d) Eagles
  2. The model of the earth is called....
    - a) A globe
    - b) A map
    - c) An atlas
    - d) A latitude
  3. Which country lies east of Ghana?
    - a) Ivory Coast
    - b) Togo
    - c) Burkina Faso
    - d) Nigeria
  4. The area with the **highest** amount of rainfall in Ghana is
-

- a) Accra
  - b) Axim
  - c) Kumasi
  - d) Ho
5. The time in Ghana is different from the time in Nigeria because of differences in
- a) Position of the sun
  - b) Latitudinal position
  - c) longitudinal position
  - d) Population size
6. The Greenwich Meridian passes through .....in Ghana.
- a) Accra
  - b) Takoradi
  - c) Kumasi
  - d) Tema
7. The part of one's income that is not spent is one's
- a) Insurance
  - b) Account
  - c) Deposit
  - d) Savings
8. State-owned enterprises provide
- a) Foreign exchange
  - b) Unemployment
  - c) Public service
  - d) Insurance
9. What is the key function of the legislature organ of government?
- a) Law interpretation
  - b) Law enforcement
  - c) Law making
  - d) Formulation of policies
10. What will be the time in town A on longitude  $45^{\circ}\text{W}$  if the time in town B on longitude  $0^{\circ}$  is 9:45 am?
- a) 6:45am
  - b) 6:45pm
  - c) 12:15am
  - d) 12:15pm
11. A major reason for developing a good layout settlement is to reduce
- a) Free movement and ethnic conflict
  - b) Overcrowding and criminal activities
-

- c) Rural-urban migration and street hawking
  - d) Truancy and illiteracy rate
12. One reason for the migration of many ethnic groups in Ghana is
- a) Education
  - b) Security
  - c) Marriage
  - d) Religion
13. Which of the following is a symbol of national unity in Ghana?
- a) National anthem
  - b) Akosombo Dam
  - c) Gye nyame
  - d) Judiciary
14. Ghana lies between latitudes
- a) 5°S and 11°N
  - b) 5°N and 11°N
  - c) 5°S and 11°S
  - d) 5°N and 11°S
15. The people of British Togo-land joined Ghana through
- a) Conquest
  - b) Persuasion
  - c) Voting
  - d) War
16. The Head of State of Ghana at independence in 1957 was
- a) Dr. Kwame Nkrumah
  - b) The Queen of Britain
  - c) Sir Gordon Guggisberg
  - d) J.J. Rawlings
17. The process by which one country takes control of the administration of another is known as
- a) Colonization
  - b) Socialization
  - c) Assimilation
  - d) Colonial master
18. The first political event leading to the formal establishment of British colonial rule in the Gold Coast was the
- a) Signing of the bond of 1844
  - b) Declaration of Sagrenti war
  - c) Introduction of the Poll Tax Ordinance
  - d) Disturbances of 1948
-

19. A constitution may be defined as the
- Bye-laws of a country
  - Decrees of a country
  - Customary laws of a country
  - The highest law of the country
20. The primary function of the court is to
- Interpret the laws
  - Make laws
  - Register citizens
  - Protect wrong doers
21. Relief rainfall is also known as
- Convictional rainfall
  - Frontal rainfall
  - Orographic rainfall
  - Cyclonic rainfall
22. The largest continent in the world is
- Africa
  - Australia
  - Asia
  - America
23. How many countries formed the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS)?
- Fifty four countries
  - Twenty one countries
  - Fifteen countries
  - Sixteen countries
24. The revolution of the earth results in
- High and low tides
  - Day and night
  - The four season
  - Wind direction
25. A draft law is also known as
- Bill
  - Decree
  - Ordinance
  - Legislature
26. The type of rainfall formed by the meeting of two air masses of different temperature is
-

- a) Relief
- b) Frontal
- c) Convectional
- d) Orographic

27. The African Union is a new name to replace the

- a) United Nation Organization
- b) Organization of African Unity
- c) ECOWAS
- d) African Development Bank

27. The Ghana Coat of Arms was designed by

- a) Amon Kotei
- b) Sophia Doku
- c) Philip Gbeho
- d) Ephraim Emu

29. Which of the following oceans lies between Africa and America?

- a) Arctic
- b) Atlantic
- c) Pacific
- d) Indian

30. The shared values which will promote unity among Ghanaians is

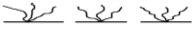
- a) Loyalty
- b) Humility
- c) Tolerance
- d) Hospitality

31. The moon is a satellite of the

- a) Jupiter
- b) Mars
- c) Earth
- d) Mercury

32. The **most** important symbol which identifies Ghana as an independent state is the

- a) Speaker's Mace
- b) National Flag
- c) State Sword
- d) Coat-of-arm

33. The symbol  on topographic maps represents

- a) Settlement
  - b) Farmlands
  - c) Marshy areas
  - d) Areas liable to flood
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34. The Second World War was fought between
- 1914 – 1918
  - 1919 – 1925
  - 1939 – 1945
  - 1957 – 1960
35. The African Union is made up of only
- Black African States
  - Independent African States
  - Dependent African States
  - Colonized African states
36. Right to life means
- Living forever
  - Living without interference
  - Acquiring wealth
  - Sustaining the family line
37. Independence of the Judiciary implies that judges
- Should get everything free
  - Should not pay taxes
  - Can do whatever they like
  - Should be free from political interference
38. One **major** cause of conflicts in the Ghanaian society is
- The development of slums in the cities
  - Inadequate number of law enforcement agents
-

- c) The encouragement of inter-ethnic marriage
- d) Unacceptable way of choosing leaders

39. Which of the following vegetation types can cannot be found in Ghana?

- a) Sudan Savanna
- b) Rain forest
- c) Guinea Savanna
- d) Sahel Savanna

40. The smallest planet in our solar system is

- a) Mercury
- b) Venus
- c) Earth
- d) Mars

***END OF OBJECTIVE TEST***

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## **MARKING SCHEME** **SECTION B**

1. a) Weather is the day-to-day condition of a place over a short period of time while climate refers to the average record of weather conditions over a particular area for a long period of time ( 20-25 years)

**well explained -4mks**

b)

<b>Elements of the weather</b>	<b>Instruments used to measure them</b>
Rainfall	Rain Gauge
Temperature	Thermometer
Wind Speed	Anemometer
Wind Direction	Wind Vane
Cloud	Octal
Sunshine	Sunshine dial or Recorder
Humidity	Hygrometer or dry and wet bulb thermometer
Atmospheric Pressure	Barometer

**2mks each = 8mks**

- c) **Characteristics of the northeast trade wind**
- i. Causes poor visibility
  - ii. Facilitates bush fires / wildfires
  - iii. Causes the weather to be cold, dry and dusty
  - iv. Prevents rainfall
  - v. Causes volume of rivers and water-levels in dams to decrease
  - vi. Creates dusty condition – uncovered item become dusty quickly
  - vii. Causes discomfort on the eye, skin, nose and body
  - viii. Promotes air pollution
  - ix. Causes some rivers, streams and other water bodies to dry up
  - x. Affects aircraft, rail and ship operations
  - xi. Facilitates bush fires
  - xii. Causes cracks on lips and feet, which can result in bleeding
  - xiii. Enhance salt production
  - xiv. Facilitates harvesting and drying of crops
  - xv. Facilitates the acquisition of respiratory infections / diseases
  - xvi. Facilitates drying of wet clothes and other items
  - xvii. Reduces the favourable breeding conditions of mosquitoes
  - xviii. Facilitates hunting of animals
  - xix. Reduces pasture for animals
2. a) Drainage features show the water bodies that exist in an area. The main drainage features of Ghana includes; rivers, lagoons, basins, streams etc **well explained - 8mks**
- b) **Benefits of drainage features**
- i. For domestic use. They provide drinking water for birds, animals and humans.
  - ii. For industrial use. For cooling engines, washing, and dyeing raw materials etc.
  - iii. For irrigation. For irrigating our farm produce or crops such as millet, maize, cassava, rice etc.
  - iv. Source of minerals. Water bodies serve as source of alluvial minerals such as gold and diamond.
  - v. Source of employment avenues. They provide employment to many people eg. Fishermen, boatmen, miners etc
  - vi. For tourist attraction. Water bodies serve as tourist attractions. Eg. Waterfalls, dams etc.
  - vii. Source of food. Water bodies provide fish for humans.
  - viii. Water bodies also provide homes for aquatic animals.
- Any 4 points well explained - 8mks**
- c) **Ways of fostering national unity in Ghana**
- i. Being patriotic or selflessness
  - ii. Tolerating the views of others
  - iii. Respect for one another
-